

## Some of the Cured.

CHARLES W. TIPPETT,  
Tippett, Ind.  
Cured of Locomotor Ataxia.

JOEL SHOEMAKER,  
North Yakima, Wash.  
Cured of Locomotor Ataxia.

Mrs. M. C. WHITE,  
Mason, W. Va.  
Cured of Paralysis.

Mrs. HARRIET BEGOLLE,  
Ypsilanti, Mich.  
Cured of Partial Paralysis.

Mrs. EMILY SEAMAN,  
St. De Witt, N. Y.  
Cured of Nervous Prostration.

Mrs. H. T. SALISBURY,  
11 Follett St., Pawtucket, R. I.  
Cured of Locomotor Ataxia.

H. N. WARNER,  
Minden, Neb.  
Cured of Paralysis.

JAMES SHELTON,  
Durham, Ind.  
Cured of Paralysis.

G. H. SNYDER,  
Lawrence, Kan.  
Cured of Creeping Paralysis.

Mrs. MINNIE FIEDLER,  
St. Francis, Ind.  
Cured of St. Vitus' Dance.

The above are a few cases from  
hundreds cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. If you are a nervous sufferer, write us. Advice will cost you nothing.

## Severe Nervous Disorders

That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have cured obstinate cases of locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, and St. Vitus' dance, is the best evidence that they will cure all lesser nervous disorders, because the principle in the treatment of all nervous diseases is the same. Nervousness is a question of nutrition. Food for the nerves is what is needed and the best nerve food in the world is

## Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages of 50. Retail druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES."  
GREAT FAYING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

## SAPOLIO



The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World,  
Owned and Occupied Exclusively by Us.

## Wholesale Prices to Users.

Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,  
Michigan Ave., & Madison St., Chicago.

## A HINT FOR HUNTERS

YOU can get only two shots at the most with a double-barreled gun, but a

### WINCHESTER REPEATING SHOTGUN

gives you three, four, five, or even six shots before the game is out of range. The Winchester Repeating Shotgun is now made in "Take Down" style, and can be carried in a Victoria case like a double-barreled gun. It combines rapidity, reliability, and strong shooting qualities with a price within reach of everybody's pocketbook. For sale by dealers everywhere.

FREE—Send name and address on postal for 128-page catalogue Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

## SOMETHING NEW PEPTO-QUININE

Something new in the way of a medicine, composed of Pepsin, Quinine, and other entirely harmless ingredients, combined and compounded in such proportions as to form a remedy. **Sure in its results, mild in its action upon the human system, and especially adapted to the cure of**

INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS OR A COLD.

If you have a cold there is nothing like it that will at once stimulate the secretions and act as a tonic, strengthening every organ of the body. Don't suffer with constipation when a pure remedy can be had.

25c. PER BOX. AT DRUGGISTS.

Manufactured by Calhoun Remedy Company, Limited, 15 North Jefferson Street, Battle Creek, Mich.

## SHOT BY JEALOUS WIFE.

One Woman Kills Another in a Chicago Restaurant.

MURDER DELIBERATELY PLANNED.

Woman Who Did the Killing Shows No Emotion but Expresses Satisfaction in Her Deed—"Tallow Dick" Combs, a Negro, Is Accused by Sergeant Golden of Firing the Shot Which Killed Goebel at Frankfurt, Ky.—The Criminal Calendar.

Chicago, March 20.—Miss Annie Strother, night cashier in Swan's restaurant, 150 Twenty-second street, was shot and instantly killed at 1 o'clock in the morning by Mrs. Charles Smith, the jealous wife of a saloonkeeper at 149 Twenty-second street, which is just across the street from the restaurant in which the shooting occurred.

Miss Strother was seated at a desk in the front part of the restaurant counting cash when a woman entered heavily veiled. She immediately began shooting. Five shots were fired, and every one took effect in the region of Miss Strother's heart. Albert Clapp, a waiter, and Ellen Walsh, a scrubwoman, stood by and saw the young woman shot to death with a vengeance.

Coolly Walked Away. They were too frightened to offer any resistance. When she had emptied the last chamber the veiled woman turned and coolly walked out of the place with the smoking revolver in her hand. She said nothing.

The Cottage Grove avenue police found Smith in his saloon and asked him where his wife was. He said "at the house," 2308 Cottage Grove avenue. Mrs. Smith was not there. She was found at 4 o'clock, having sought shelter in the house of a friend at 174 Twentieth street. At the Cottage Grove avenue station she admitted the deed.

Miss Strother was 23 years old and lived with her sister at 2124 Indiana avenue. She had come to Chicago a year ago from St. Louis, where her family lives.

"I believe I was justified in doing it," Mrs. Smith said with the air of a woman who had performed a duty.

Told the Story with Frankness.

With her at the police station are her husband and their 6-year-old daughter, Elsie, who is endearingly called "Toots" by her mother. Even the presence of the child failed to move the woman to emotion. She told the story of the tragedy with marked frankness. She said all her acquaintances had become aware of her husband's attention to Miss Strother, and her pride was wounded.

Lieutenant O'Brien asked her if she realized the enormity of her crime, and she answered with a nervous laugh that she was fully aware of the consequences of her act.

"I may have to suffer the extreme penalty for this," she said, "but I will have the satisfaction of knowing that woman will ruin no more homes with her bewitching smiles. I have done an act for which I am not sorry, and I would do it again, because I think I was justified."

Gives Preferences to Soldiers.

Washington, March 21.—The senate committee on civil service has authorized a favorable report upon the bill introduced by Senator Platt of New York, giving preference to soldiers of the civil war in positions in the civil service of the government. The committee recommends an amendment including soldiers of the Spanish war, and of the war in the Philippines.

To Investigate Macrum's Charges.

Washington, March 21.—The house committee on foreign affairs has decided to investigate the allegations made by Charles F. Macrum, ex-consul to Pretoria, South Africa, relative to the opening of his official mail by the British authorities. Representative Wheeler of Kentucky introduced a resolution to this end which was referred to the committee on rules.

Prize Dogs Poisoned.

New York, March 21.—Two of the most valuable dogs on exhibition at the bulldog show in Madison Square garden were found dead, and it is believed they were poisoned. The dogs were Delaware and Highland Mary, both owned by F. K. Austin. Delaware won Monday took first prize for limit dogs under forty-five pounds and was valued at \$1,500. She also won first prize in the lightweight class, was a winner at the recent dog show and had won first prize in London.

Found Dead in His Office.

Toledo, O., March 21.—Colonel Henry S. Bunker, a prominent attorney and military man, was found dead in his office with a bullet wound in the back of his neck. A revolver lay on the floor near him but it is not known whether it was murder or suicide.

One on the Druggist.

A Main street druggist tells this story on himself: Happening to be out at the house of a friend he noticed a boy very busy with slate and pencil. "See here, my son," he said, "I'll give you a question in profit and loss. I have a mixture down at my store that is compounded as follows: A liquid worth 50 cents per ounce, a powder worth 24 per pound, a crystal worth 10 cents an ounce, to which I add two gallons of water which I get for nothing. I sell the mixture at 25 cents per ounce. What is my percentage of profit?"

The boy thought for a moment and then replied: "It's no use, sir; that is out of profit and loss and is just plain swindle."

Not a Bribe.

"You say," pursued the chairman of the legislative investigating committee, "that he resorted to no bribery whatever during the campaign, so far as you know?"

"Yes, sir," replied the witness; "that is what I said."

"Did he not circulate several boxes of cigars?"

"Yes, sir, but them cigars wasn't bribes. Here's one of 'em. You can try it."—Chicago Tribune.

## BETWEEN TWO FIRES

A TRAINMAN'S CAUSTIC COMMENT ON RAILROAD RULES.

To Obey Them All, He Says, Means to Lose Time and Win a Discharge. To Break Them and Have an Accident Means a Discharge Also.

It is an interesting position that one finds when studying the relations that connect the railroad employee with the road itself with regard to the rules and regulations. It has a ring of "heads I win, and tails you lose" in favor of the road when it comes to deciding where the responsibility lies when an accident occurs. An old railroad employee, a member of a train crew, was conversing with the writer recently, and in going over it the situation might be better and more readily understood if he were to be rather closely quoted from his standpoint and in his language.

"On our line," he said, "we have many a good mile that composes the whole road, but I will confine my knowledge and experience of working under rules and regulations as standing between the general manager's office and the actual operation of trains. To follow every rule and regulation to the letter would make travel far safer than lying in bed, but it would be so slow and tedious to the passenger that the time made in the old days of stage lines would appear a 'flier's' time of these days.

"To make from even 30 miles per hour up to the 80 reached these days and to live up to everything pertaining to slow ups, grade crossings, saving of coal, oil and material, slow stops and starts, reduced speed over switches and turnouts and a hundred and one things to be remembered, would be the worst kind of folly if making time was a consideration.

"Take my run, 150 miles, which is on the card to be made in 4 hours and 52 minutes, not such a swift gait, to be sure, although in winter, with snow, ice and bad weather, it is some little kind of a job to get around on time. To live up to every ironclad rule, those in the book, on the card and various specials issued every day, you could not pull that run through in ten hours, and you might count yourself lucky if you went through upon that time.

"A trainhand has the choice of either making his time, for, if he is frequently late, he is either set back, suspended, fined or dismissed, or living up to every rule, and, if not found doing so in case of accident, being dismissed. Of course where no accidents occur the rules can be tampered with and the management be blessed with bandaged eyes, but let a mishap occur, and in order to protect themselves they jog out the thousand or two rules, and if you are found guilty you receive an early dismissal. So the trainhand takes his desperate chances by playing at luck, by using discretion in obeying his rule, as he keeps his position longer than he would through strictly carrying out every one and eventually being dismissed when the first salary day arrives.

"In one book of rules upon a large road appear nearly 500 regulations for the employee to familiarize himself with, or, as one of the general rules says: 'The head of each department must be conversant with the rules, supply copies of them to his subordinates, see that they are understood, enforce obedience to them. No one will be excused for the violation of any of them, even though not included in those applicable to his department. Ignorance is no excuse for neglect of duty.'

"Then follows a most remarkable clause or rule which reads, 'Every employee while on duty connected with the trains on any division of the road is under the authority and must conform to the orders of the superintendent of that division.' Now, if the employee has a certain order from the superintendent that conflicts with those of the book, the road has him double headed.

"To obey the superintendent and disobey the rule means discharge, as it distinctly states that 'no one will be excused for the violation of any of them,' while on the other hand 'he must conform to the orders of the superintendent,' so he is apt to become discharged either way, but the road stands unblamed in either case. Besides these 500 regulations there are numbers of rules, about 20 forms of train orders, 4 hand and lamp signals, 17 manner of using signals according to the train rules, besides nearly 100 special rules on time card.

"Then comes the changing occasionally of a rule or from day to day the time of some new rule. With this the employee must learn by heart the scheduled time of some 25 regular trains, not to mention as many specials. Is it a wonder no more accidents occur when one employee may be on duty 18 or 20 continuous hours and happens to forget just one of these things to be remembered?"—Portland (Me.) Argus.

Bottled Salt Meats.

The indigestible properties of bottled ham, corned beef and other salt meats may, according to Mrs. Parion, the cooking expert, be eliminated if the meat is sufficiently boiled. The salt toughens the fibers, and it takes persistent boiling to overcome this. The time allowed for a ten pound piece is five hours, but as the pieces are apt to be thick rather than long one of half this weight would need about the same amount of time. The meat should be partly cooled in the water in which it is boiled.

Confirmed drunkards are shamed into reformation in many of the towns of the Argentine Republic by being compelled to sweep the streets for eight days each time they may be arrested for intoxication.

## THE PAST.

I said: "The past it is dead,  
I will bury it deep and still,  
With a tablet over its head,  
Of the dead one may speak no ill."  
I dug deep down in the loam,  
I sealed up the grave with prayer,  
But the past was the first one home  
And waited to greet me there.  
—Jeanette Bliss Gillespie in Columbia Literary Monthly.

## ANTS ACT AS STRATEGISTS.

Colonies of the Insects Transact Business With Military Precision.

From a military standpoint the methods employed by ants to provide food for an ant colony are almost perfect. Their foraging parties are faultless, both in planning and execution, and are almost uniformly successful. A resident of this city who visited South Africa gives this description of a foray of an army of ants.

The army, which he estimates to have numbered about 15,000 ants, started from its home in the mud walls of a hut and marched in the direction of a small mound of fresh earth but a few yards distant. The head of the column halted on reaching the foot of the mound and waited for the rest of the force to arrive at the place of operations, which evidently was to be the mound of fresh earth. When the remainder had arrived and halted so that the entire army was assembled, a number of ants detached themselves from the main body and began to ascend to the top of the mound, while the others began moving so as to encircle the base of the mound.

Soon a number from the detachment which had ascended the mound, evidently the attacking party, entered the loose earth and speedily returned, each bearing a cricket or a young grasshopper, dead, which he deposited upon the ground and then returned for a fresh load. Those who had remained on the outside of the mound took up the crickets and grasshoppers as they were brought out and bore them down to the base of the hill, returning for a fresh load. Soon the contents of the mound seemed to be exhausted, and then the whole force returned home, each carrying his burden of food for the community.

Here, then, was the regular foray, planned and executed with military precision, the country surveyed, the depot of provisions known accurately before the march was made and at the mound prudential division of labor and care taken that none of the victims should escape.—New York Herald.

## Test For a Weak Mind.

Two men in a cafe were discussing a gift by a noted millionaire of a large sum of money to found a college chair of psychology.

"What is psychology, anyway?" asked one.

"It's the study of the mind, of the soul," said the other.

"What's the good of that?" asked the skeptic.

"A great deal of use," answered his companion. "I have studied it to some extent myself and can detect a weak minded man from a strong minded one by a very simple test. For instance, if I can make you say 'fourteen' against your will you lack will power. Will you let me try it on you? I believe I can make you say it."

"Make me say 'fourteen' against my will? You can't do it. Fire away!" And this is the way the test worked:

A.—How much are six and four?

B.—Ten.

A.—How much are eight and three?

B.—Eleven.

A.—How much are nine and seven?

B.—Sixteen.

A. (triumphantly)—Alas! There, you said it. I knew you would.

B. (indignantly)—Said what?

A.—Sixteen.

B.—But "fourteen" was the word we chose for the test.

A. (coolly)—Well, you've said it now, anyway.—New York Tribune.

## Children of the Slums.

"Perhaps what I have seen of child life in the slums has made upon my heart the deepest scars," writes Mrs. Ballington Booth in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Poor little scraps of humanity, sick, puny and deformed, or what was even worse still, vile and evil in word and disposition before the baby accents had left their words. The streets swarmed with them, playing, quarreling, fighting amid the jostling crowd and traffic until late into the night, and the houses were full of little figures that slept on the floor or crouched in the corners to get away from the drunken and brutal who delight in abusing the weak. In summer death's angel mows them down through the hot season as the scythe cuts the flowers amid the hay, and it has often seemed to me that on such a mission his black robes vanish, and he is a veritable angel of light."

## Gout in Hens.

Gout has been produced in hens by a Breslau doctor who fed them with meat. He gave the hens nothing but horseflesh without fat and as much water as they liked, with deplorable results to the unfortunate fowls. Having instilled the disease, he then undertook to drive out the uric acid by administering eggshell, which relieved the hens to a certain degree.

## Exceeded All the Other Boys.

Is there anything in which you excel when you went to school?" asked Miss Cayenne.

"Yes," answered Willie Washington.

"I made more blunders than any other boy in the class."—Washington Star.

A bell sounding the curfew signal to go home snacks as much of ring rule as a new married man not being allowed a latchkey.—Philadelphia Times.

One never realizes how little he really knows until he has read a page of two of the dictionary.

## NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indigestion, a nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the firm of youth. By mail \$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH

(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Wine or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box, 6 for \$5.00, with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.,  
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale by Sprague & Co., druggists.

## \$3 A DAY SURE

Send us your address and we will show you how to make \$3 a day absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember we guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work, absolutely sure. Write at once.

THE FRANKLIN SOAP CO.,  
DETROIT, MICH.

## Probate Order.

State of Michigan, County of Shiawassee, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Shiawassee, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Corunna, on Thursday, the 8th day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred.

Present Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Elsie Mitchell, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Manasseh D. Mitchell, praying amongst other things, for the probate of the instrument now filed in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 9th day of April, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the Probate Office in the city of Corunna, and show cause, if any, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in two consecutive issues of a newspaper printed and circulated in said county of Shiawassee, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

MATTHEW BUSH,  
Judge of Probate.

BY KATHERINE E. KIRLEY,  
Probate Register.

## Registration Notice.

The electors of the city of Owosso are hereby notified that the registration boards of the several wards of the city of Owosso will be in session in the 1st, 3d, 5th and 7th wards on Saturday, March 31st, from 8 o'clock a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m. in the following named places: First ward, No. 221 N. Washington street; 2d ward, Copas & Sons' store, N. Washington street; 3d ward, City Hall, East Main street; 4th ward, 113 N. Main street; 5th ward, J. T. Walsh's store, W. Main St.; for the purpose of completing the registration previous to the general election to be held April 2d, 1900. JOHN L. ASH, City Clerk.

## Election.

Notice is hereby given that at the election to be held on Monday, April 2nd, A. D. 1900, the following city and ward officers are to be elected: A mayor, city clerk, treasurer, school inspector.

One alderman, one supervisor and one constable for the first ward.

One alderman, one supervisor and one constable for the second ward.

One alderman, one supervisor and one constable for the third ward.

One alderman, one supervisor and one constable for the fourth ward.

One alderman, one supervisor and one constable for the fifth ward.

The polls at the election will be open in the several wards from 7 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon at the following named places.

First ward—No. 215 N. Washington street.

Second ward—Times Office, East Main street.

Third ward—City Hall, East Main street.

Fourth ward—Patterson store, 113 West Main street.

Fifth ward—Hose House, South Lansing street.

In accordance with the resolutions of the Common Council of the City of Owosso, Michigan, adopted at a regular meeting, March 13th, A. D. 1900, the following questions will be submitted to the electors of the city of Owosso, to be voted on at the annual spring election to be held April 2d, A. D. 1900.

First—Shall the city of Owosso raise by bond the sum of \$12,000, the said bonds to be issued, to run 20 years, interest on said bonds not to exceed 4 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually. The money to be raised by the sale of said bonds to be used for the purpose of procuring an additional water supply for said city.

Second—Shall the city of Owosso raise by bond the sum of \$700, to be used for the purpose of building an additional roomy pump house and also to pay for additional land necessary for the extension of its water supply.

Third—Shall the city of Owosso raise by bond the sum of \$2,500 for the purpose of erecting a fire department building in West Owosso, on the lot now owned by the city, said bond to be payable ten years from the date of its issue, interest not to exceed four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

Dated, March 14, 1900.

JOHN L. ASH, City Clerk.

## Grouches' Comparison.

Laurence Grouches, the socialist writer who ended his days in New York, was a thorough pessimist. One evening, after he had denounced the modern industrial system in savage terms, a friend remarked:

"It is not so bad as Russian despotism, is it?"

"Not quite. The former is the worst possible; the latter the worst conceivable."

## Kaffir Greeting.

"Saku bona" are the first words a stranger learns of the Kaffir vocabulary. The expression is the common form of salutation used by the natives, and its literal translation is, "I see you." It is considered a mark of respect not to give the greeting immediately, the delay showing the reverence in which the native holds his visitor.—Philadelphia Record.